1	Ilsley 100 Project Team
2	Minutes of Meeting
3	September 1, 2022
4	Voting members
5	Voting members:
6	
7	Joe McVeigh - Ilsley Library Board (Present)
8	Amy Mincher - Ilsley Library Board (Present)
9	Dan Brown - Middlebury Selectboard (Present – arrived later)
10	Farhad Khan - Middlebury Selectboard (Present – arrived later)
11	Jim Gish - Public Member (Present)
12	Barbara Doyle-Wilch - Public Member (Present)
13	Ken Perine - Public Member (Present)
14	Ruth Hardy – Alternate Public Member (Present)
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16	Non-voting Members:
17	Dana Hart - Ilsley Library Director (Present)
18	Judith Harris – Consultant/Town Liaison from Harris & Harris Consulting (Present)
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20	The meeting began at 10:00 a.m. in the Ilsley Library Community Room.
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22	Approval of Minutes
23	
24	The minutes of the August 11, 2022 meeting were approved as presented.
25	
26	Agenda Planning
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28	McVeigh said he wanted to review some items prepared by Harris that had been send in their
29	packet, and he began with a map of the library parcel showing the adjacent properties, their sizes
30	and who owns them, and also a map showing underground utilities that will need to be taken into
31	consideration. Harris said she'd been working with Director Public Works Planning Dan Werner
32	and he indicated this map didn't show all utilities. She said it is just a reminder that while the
33	parking lot looks like a large space that could be developed, there are all these utilities
34	underground that would need to be relocated and that cost will need to be considered.
35	The other item discussed was information recording the former Day Freuhlin building that's for
36 27	The other item discussed was information regarding the former Ben Franklin building that's for
37	sale and some of the problems with the condition of the structure.
38	They reviewed the schedule they get for the project in May, and Hart felt they were very close to
39 40	They reviewed the schedule they set for the project in May, and Hart felt they were very close to being on track at this point. McWeigh questioned Item #6 "PEP/Dand Veta Faceibility Study"
40	being on-track at this point. McVeigh questioned Item #6 "RFP/Bond Vote Feasibility Study"
41 42	they had scheduled to begin in December. Hart said this would be an RFP to hire a professional
42 42	to do the feasibility study on whatever design they choose, it wasn't actually a bond vote, so perhaps the words "Pend Vote" should be removed
43 44	perhaps the words "Bond Vote" should be removed.
	Farbad Khan arrived at the meeting
45 46	Farhad Khan arrived at the meeting.
40	

McVeigh said he had the feeling from speaking to some of the Team members individually, that 48 they're coming at this process from different perspectives and approaches. He said Harris is coming at this from a construction approach where the end result is based on cost, where as 49 50 Doyle-Wilch and Hardy feel the project should be more visual and the community needs to have a vision of the possibilities and that perhaps the possibilities will be limited if the project is based 51 52 solely on cost. 53 54 He said today they would be having conversations with conceptual estimator Henry Erickson of Erickson Consultants and with Stephanie Clark from the real estate advisory firm of White + 55 56 Burke 57 Conversation with Stephanie Clarke, White + Burke 58 59 60 Hart said Clarke has indicated that White + Burke have a great deal of experience guiding municipalities with large developments, and if we want to develop the lower parking lot, then 61 White + Burke would be able to answer a lot of the big questions about doing that, such as doing 62 that with a private partnership. Harris said White + Burke have provided a fee schedule and 63 some ideas of what they think they can do for us, and while their hourly fee is quite high, they 64 might be able to help us with other ideas of developing beyond the current library site. 65 66 The experience of White + Burke with municipalities was in question, and Hart said that Clarke 67 had indicated they had worked with NexBridge on their proposal for the EDI site several years 68 69 ago. 70 Clarke was attending the meeting remotely, so Hart introduced her into the meeting. 71 72 73 Clarke said she'd been doing this work for 16 years, and White + Burke have 30+ years of doing consulting and brokerage work for developments. She said the firm are not developers. They 74 don't own any properties or do any investing, they're purely consultants giving municipalities, 75 institutions, and private entities advice through an objective lens. She said all but one of her 76 clients have been municipalities the last few years, doing public-private partnerships around the 77 78 state. She said the influx of infrastructure and planning money into the state has enabled communities to play a more active role and municipalities are taking the drivers seat in making 79 projects happen in their downtowns, and she said that's where their firm comes in to help 80 municipalities who don't know how to do development projects on their own. 81 82 She said their firm offers ala cart services, so they can provide whatever services are needed. 83 She said in this case it sounds like the Team has strength in the design, functionality, and 84 85 community needs, so perhaps their firm can help with financing and marketing feasibility aspects of the project. 86 87 88 She said their specialty is in creative brainstorming around strategy and feasibility analysis, and they can do some architectural schematics to help with early viability decisions. She said she is a 89 realtor, so they can provide brokerage services if needed, as well as assessment services. She 90 91 said they contract out some work that is the more specific, such as detailed feasibility work with architects, engineers, lawyers and cost estimators. 92

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93 94 95 96	Regarding the question of other municipal projects they've been involved with that might be similar, Clarke mentioned:
97 98 99 100	• Saint Albans – They've worked on many development projects with the City of St. Albans over the last 10 years, but the one most like the library project was the Congress and Main Building in their downtown that combines mixed uses of both retail and affordable and market housing.
101 102 103	• Burlington – White + Burke have helped with site selection and are the project managers for the new Burlington High School. She said this was a very public process that used a matrix system similar to what the Team has developed for the library project.
104 105	• Manchester – They did the site search, evaluation and feasibility analysis for a mixed-use project and the Town is now negotiating with developers to acquire this site.
106 107 108	 Windsor – They did the economic development strategic analysis on a municipally owned piece of land and an RFP is now out for a mixed-use building with affordable housing.
109 110	• Saint Johnsbury – White + Burke did the site search for a new public safety building and found the old armory that was a good fit but had a ton of environmental contamination
111	issues. She said they are bringing in the architect and environmental remediation
112	specialist, and as part of their financial feasibility they are helping the town find sources
113	of funding. She said while they don't do the grant writing, they help put together the
114 115	package and look at how all the funding sources work together.
116	She said the core to all these projects is the public process. She said White + Burke had been the
117	leader in developing Tax Increment Financing (TIF) Districts around the State of Vermont in
118	municipalities that need the infrastructure to generate economic development, and part of that
119	requires a robust public process to understand the community needs, what their concerns are, and
120	how this tool would achieve the outcome they're looking for.
121	
122	She said while she wasn't involved in the EDI project in Middlebury, their firm worked with
123	NexBridge and together with Bread Loaf Corporation, White + Burke put together a proposal for
124	the developers in response to the RFP for a mixed-use development. She said their involvement
125	was mostly with the proforma development, but the Town chose not to proceed with that project.
126	Clarks said has appaintly right now is working with and developing public private portnerships
127 128	Clarke said her specialty right now is working with and developing public-private partnerships and trying to create development agreements that cover each other's concerns and meet each
128	other in terms of risk, so planning and economic development is primarily their core of work
130	with municipalities but laying the groundwork for private investment.
131	
132	Clarke said she had been asked to speak to the Ilsley project as a potential tenant in public-
133	private project versus remaining a municipal owned entity, and these would all be very generic
134	since she isn't that familiar with the project yet.
135	
136	She said the pros of being a tenant is it reduces the demand for up-front capital and you're not
137	managing the project so there is less risk, and you can leverage as a user the opportunity to
138	generate both economic and community vitality. She said the cons are there is less control over

the design and co-tenants, you'd be sharing space and you would have the operational expense of paying rent.

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142 She said the pros of remaining a municipal owned entity include the independence of the site and

143 process with no private entity involved, and the possibility of a very successful capital campaign.

144 The cons include the planning money to develop the project is harder to come by, there is more

risk, and the need to hire experienced project and construction managers would impact the

- 146 capital campaign in a large way.
- 147

Khan asked Clarke if she knew where they could find out information on NexBridge and what
happened at that time with the EDI site. She said she didn't know but suggested the Town
administration would have this information or a Board member who was on at that time.

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152 Gish asked Clarke if she could imagine a successful public-private partnership in a library

setting. Clarke said what really strikes her with this project is the library could act as an anchor

tenant for a private development project. She said it could be an annex for the library or a

155 connector between the current library, but this would be appealing to a developer since the retail

trend is not expanding now. She said there is a need for housing, so if you have an anchor tenant

157 plus housing, it is the gold standard for a mixed-use development, and having the library serve as

the anchor/core tenant could be a real win-win and could put the library in the driver's seat, since

you would be driving the deal. She said there are some dollars out there that are available now

- 160 for interior fit-up since this is a community facility.
- 161

Hardy asked Clarke if White + Burke had ever done a library project, and Clarke said they had
 not done a library before. Hardy said she understood we were looking at their firm for cost

estimating, but that doesn't seem to be a service offered. Clarke said they subcontract cost

estimating, and she had understood their firm was being considered to help with the feasibility

and how the various scenarios work together, and an estimator might be brought in to put a cost

- 167 to the different scenarios.
- 168

169 McVeigh asked how deeply do they have to explore different options and cost them out to make

an informed decision that isn't that detailed and lengthy, and how do you make that decision.

- 171 Clarke said some of the decisions are made by the Team, but some are just best practices. She
- said if they look to lease a space for an annex of the library, she said they would be looking at
- 173 creating a list of questions, such as lease and fit-up costs, time frame, and how much more data is

needed. She said it's important that they're looking at apples to apples for each scenario.

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176 McVeigh thanked Clarke for all the information, and Clarke left the meeting.

177

Hart said maybe she hadn't been clear on why White + Burke was invited to the meeting, but it
was more to hear of the services they could provide for the project and at what point it would

180 make sense to bring them into the project, so it was more just about getting information.

- 181
- 182 Perine said they're looking at doing a site selection and being able to defend that to the public, so
- that sounds like something White + Burke could help with, but he's sensitive to the timeline. He
- 184 said part of him wants to just pick a solution and begin, but yet every time he mentions to

185 someone they're looking at improving the library everyone asks about the Ben Franklin space, so 186 they have to have an answer to that question and that's key for him.

187

188 Doyle-Wilch said the people she's talked to want to know why the community isn't being asked to decide on the site and wondered about doing pros and cons on a site and then ask for input 189 from the community that feeds into the decision. She feels the Team should do the investigation 190 on each site and get it out to the community. She said she keeps thinking about the Town Hall 191 decision and how the people felt they didn't have a say on the location and all the backlash that 192 happened. Gish said a lot of the backlash with the Town Offices involved the sentiment around 193 194 tearing down the old high school and that would only become an issue here if the library is abandoned. 195 196 Hart said she doesn't see how White + Burke would plug into their process right now, but the 197 matrix is really about finding out how much of the program can fit on any one of the sites, so she 198 thinks it may end up they'd be better off on the EDI site. In that case, what would we be up 199 200 against - she can see White + Burke helping with that aspect. 201 Hardy felt they could get the same services White + Burke offer from either of the design teams 202 who have expressed interest in this project and they can do it with more architectural detail, and 203 they can do the public engagement part of it as well. She agrees with Doyle-Wilch on giving the 204 community options, but feels they should narrow the options to maybe three sites. She said they 205 already have information on the existing site, the EDI site and the Ben Franklin site, so she 206 doesn't want to spend the time or money to do something that's already been done on these three 207 208 sites. 209 210 Dan Brown (who had joined the meeting late) said the involvement of the community was a part of this project before the Team was even formed, so he's not sure why it's even being discussed. 211

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Khan said he had heard that the Ben Franklin might have been sold, and as far as he's concerned that's the least desirable site.

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216 <u>Conversation with Henry Erickson – Erickson Consulting</u>

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Prior to Erickson joining the meeting, Harris told the Team that his cost estimating talents have to do specifically with how much it costs to build x-square feet new or how much to rehabilitate and the site development costs associated with each. She said the Team will have to figure out all the other costs involved because Erickson is not going to be able to help compare cost of building vs. leasing or with the fit-up costs or soft costs.

- 223
- 224 Erickson joined the Team and introductions were made.
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- McVeigh asked Erickson to clarify what a "conceptual" cost estimate was compared to an estimate they would get further into the process.

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- Erickson said he felt the estimate for the library would most likely be an Order-of-Magnitude
- estimate, and then gave a breakdown of the various types of estimates:

231 232 Conceptual Estimate- based on a very basic plan of what the building would be. Order-of-Magnitude Estimate – based on square footage, location and building type 233 234 Schematic Design Estimate – this is done after there is a program and Floor Plan Design Development Estimate – uses Schematic Design Estimate but with systems 235 Construction Document Estimate – done when construction documents are 90% complete 236 237 Erickson said he'd been doing construction management consulting for 20 years and began his 238 career originally as a carpenter and worked his way up to superintendent, then construction 239 manager and then general manager of the company, plus he's worked for different sized building 240 firms, so he has a broad depth of knowledge of the construction business. 241 242 243 Harris asked how his talents matched up with where the Team is currently in this project. Erickson said he can make an estimate based off a floor plan and building elevation and come 244 within 5% of the final cost of an early schematic design and he has an intuitive way of looking at 245 the project he hopes will help the Team. 246 247 He said there are cost indexes based on various industries that he uses and then he adds an 248 inflation rate. 249 250 He said he'd worked on the Middletown Springs library and town office project in 2017 that was 251 around \$2 million that at today's prices would be around \$3.1 to \$3.2 million. The Shelburne 252 library was in 2016 that cost \$6 million but today would cost over \$8.5 million. He said the 253 Pember library that was done quite a while ago was a combination of additions and renovations 254 that cost \$3 million, and in today's market would be \$5 or \$6 million. 255 256 257 Harris said the Team had visited the Shelburne library, and asked Erickson at what point in that process was he brought into the process. He said he was brought in early at the schematic design 258 phase and design development budget, and in this project he was working for Vermont 259 Integrated Architects (VIA) and not the Town of Shelburne. 260 261 Erickson said he has helped with site options as well, and in order to look at sites you need a 262 building with a conceptual estimate so you can compare sites, and then you add all the estimates 263 for utilities, parking, earth work, etc. to each proposed site to the base building estimate to get an 264 apples-to-apples comparison for each site. 265 266 267 McVeigh said one of the things the Team is considering is a renovation and expansion as opposed to building new, so wondered how they would be able to have an apple-to-apple 268 269 comparison in that situation. Erickson said he would use a different cost program for estimating an existing building to compare with new. 270 271 272 Perine asked what the timeframe would be if they asked him for order-of-magnitude estimates on the options they were considering, and Erickson thought it would take 3 or 4 weeks. 273 274

- 275 McVeigh asked if it was different to estimate for a library vs. another type of building. Erickson
- said every building is a building, and while each have unique aspects and a different level of
- 277 finish, they're all built the same.
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- Hardy said Erickson had submitted an estimate of 75 hours of work at a total cost of \$8,750.
- Erickson said that his proposal is an hourly "not-to-exceed" estimate, so it might be less, but it wouldn't cost more than that.
- 282
- 283 <u>Next Steps for Hiring Professionals</u>
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Harris said that the Hart, Doyle-Wilch and Harris team had completed a series of adjacency
diagrams in addition to the square footage program. She said the Gossens-Bachman design from
a few years ago was a schematic design with enough design development on the mechanical and
electrical systems to make it a bit more accurate, so someone could update that estimate to
current figures. Hart said the new square footage program is pretty close to the GossensBachman design, however Harris pointed out that what goes in which part of the building has
changed and the original building would still need to be renovated and if you demolish the two

- current additions there would need to be a new addition.
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They discussed the information they already had from the earlier Gossens-Bachman design and what was needed for estimates for the different options to go to the public. Doyle-Wilch was concerned about the community getting focused on the cost and not looking at the vision and the positive aspects of the project. Hardy felt they also needed a visual of the building to go along with the estimates and felt that's where a design firm could help.

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Hardy stated she felt the best option at this time was to stay in the existing library and renovate
and expand. Perine said one of the problems with the EDI site is the amount of time it would
take to develop the plan and get it approved.

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McVeigh said he's getting a sense that the Team feels that White + Burke might be of help down the road if the decision is to go with an annex or new-build on the EDI site, but it doesn't appear they're ready to move forward with that at this time, and the Team agreed. McVeigh said he's also hearing that it might be a good idea to get numbers, and Erickson might be a good person to perform that task as he has provided a quote, so asked if the Team was comfortable going ahead with Erickson. Hardy said she would want to check his references and want to simultaneously work on visuals, so wondered how to get the visuals so they don't focus on dollars.

311

There was a discussion over the type of visual they wanted for the public. Brown thought they were pushing way too fast to get visuals now and thinks they have enough now to get the public involved and let them know what the Team is doing, but he doesn't feel they're ready to discuss site options or visuals.

- 315 316
- 317 McVeigh asked again if they were ready to engage Erickson doing some estimating at a cost not
- to exceed \$8,750. Hardy said again she didn't think they were ready for that until there was a
- 319 plan for visuals. Doyle-Wilch said if Erickson has already done several library projects with
- VIA, so why would we not just hire VIA since they'll turn around and hire Erickson.

- 321
- Harris said if they're talking design, then you're talking about putting out an RFP for a design
- firm and that will really add to the timeline when you look at all the steps involved in developing
- an RFP. She doesn't see how you can just hire a specific design firm without it being
- 325 competitive.
- 326
- Hardy again said we can't ask him to develop a cost without a visual to go with it and the only way to do that is to hire a design team so they can work simultaneously. Perine disagreed and thought they could move ahead with the order-of-magnitude cost estimate and at the time he's doing his work we can work on the visuals, so perhaps in 6-weeks we can go to the public. Hart said perhaps this is a good option for working with a College student to prepare conceptual
- visions of what the library might look like without having to do an RFP process.
- 333
- Harris suggested taking it back so you just show the public the site options with a block showing the massing and not a building elevation, and Mincher thought that was something the public
- could see without getting hung-up on a visual of what the building might look like. Hardy
- agreed with this idea and thought the idea of showing examples of spaces in other libraries as an
- 338 example of what ours could look like.
- 339
- Brown moved that pending the reference check by Hart, that we hire Erickson at a cost not to exceed \$8,750. Khan seconded the motion.
- 342
- Gish said what's crucial in his decision is what is Erickson going to use to base his cost estimates for renovating and expanding the existing building. Hart said she will give him all the
- information she has, including the cost to upgrade the heating system and the elevator and share
- the feasibility study. He just wonders how accurate the estimate will be when the vision for the
- renovation of this building doesn't exist yet. Harris said he will have to take the costs of a
- 348 renovation of an existing historic library somewhere else and apply them to this project. Hart
- said she thinks to get a cost to renovate per square foot is about as close as they can get right now
- since we don't have a plan.
- 351
- McVeigh called the motion. The motion carried with 7 in favor, none opposed. MOTION
 PASSED.
- 354
- 355 <u>Review Updated Matrix Proposal</u>
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- Doyle-Wilch suggested adding the pros and cons of each option in the matrix, and Hart said sheliked that idea.
- 359
- Hart asked about looking into the graphic design of each site showing the building blocks on
- each. Harris said she could do it, but she wasn't sure if they would want her to. Gish said
- 362 Lincoln Brown Illustration out of Burlington worked with VHB on the renderings of the bridge
- project in Middlebury and he thought it would be a simple thing to do because they weren't
- asking for that much detail.
- 365

- 366 Doyle-Wilch said the display needs to be portable, because she wants to bring it into homes and
- have neighbors over to see it. Perine said whatever is presented it has to be complete with every
- detail of what needs to be done and tell the whole story. Hart said she feels this is all coming
- together. She said they need to complete the matrix, get the cost estimates, work on illustrating
- the data with both a visual and the verbal high-level pros and cons. Hardy said they have all the
- information so they need to put together a presentation that explains the urgency of the problemsand the possibilities of how to solve them. McVeigh said he'd be happy to work on this with
- Hart, and Gish said he would be happy to create the "backbone" for them to work with.
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- The next meeting will be on Thursday, September 15^{th} .
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- The meeting adjourned at 12:19 p.m.
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- 379 Respectfully submitted,
- 380 Beth Dow
- 381